Course Name Year Subject Title Subject Code : Three years Diploma in Mining Engineering : Second : ECONOMIC & FIELD GEOLOGY

: M202

Teaching Scheme*		Examination Scheme						
L	Т	Р	Full	External	Internal	External	Total	Duration
			Marks	Exam	Exam	Pas	Pass	of External
				Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Exams
2	0	0	100	80	20	26	40	3 Hrs.
Practical (MI 209)		2	100	80	20	26	40	4 Hrs.

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

*Duration of year is considered 28 weeks

Material that needs to be explored comprises rocks and minerals. It is essential for engineers to have knowledge of mining geology

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After undergoing the course of study the student shall be able to

- 1. Identify landforms in field
- 2. Explain the relation of landforms for mineral deposit and mining activity
- 3. Outline stratigraphy of India and mineral deposits
- 4. Identify the fossils
- 5. Explain the principle of formation of mineral deposit
- 6. Describe mode of occurrence, distribution and uses of ores.
- 7. Investigate minerals in field using geological, geophysical, geochemical method of prospecting
- 8. Mark the mineral prospect zone using remote sensing techniques.
- 9. Delineate suitable site for dam and reservoir and tunnel

Unit	Content	Contact Hours	Marks
1.	Geomorphology	nouro	¢
	1.1 Definition of landform		
	1.2 Forces changing the landforms		
	1.2.1 Endogenetic		
	1.2.2Exogenetic		
	1.3 Geomorphic agents and their landforms		
	1.3.1 landforms produced by mass movement		

	1.3.2 Fluvial landforms	
	1.3.3 Aeolian landforms	
	1.3.4 Glacial landforms	
	1.3.5 coastal landforms	
	1.3.6 landform produced by groundwater	
	. , , , ,	
2.	Paleontology	
	2.1 Definition of fossil	
	2.2Mode of preservation of fossil	
	2.3 Uses of fossils	
	2.4 Classification of animal and plant kingdom	
	2.5 Morphology and geological range of	
	occurrence of animal fossils -	
	order Foraminifera(Phylum protozoa).class corals	
	(phylum Coelenterata) .phylum brachiopoda, class	
	gastropoda(phylum mollusca and class trilobite	
	2.6 Morphology and geological range of occurrence	
	nlant fossils-Glassonteris, gangamonteris, Ptolonhillum	
	plant rossils-olassopteris, gangamopteris, r tolophinum	
3.	Stratigraphy	
	3.1 priciples of stratigraphy	
	3.1standered stratigraphic and time scale	
	3.3Tectonic divisions of india	
	3.4 Stratigraphy of india	
	3.4.1 Stratigraphic succession , lithology, distribution	
	and economic mineral deposits of Precambrian	
	basement in singhbhum and Dharwar,	
	3.4 .2 Stratigraphic succession ,lithology,distribution	
	and economic mineral deposits of Cuddapah	
	supergroup, vindhyan supergroup and	
	Gondwana super group	
4.	Economic Geology	
	4.1 Definition of ore, gangue, tenor	
	4.2 process of formation of ore deposits	
	4.3 morphology of principal type of ore deposits	
	4.4Classification of ore deposits	
	4.5 Origin, mode of occurrence, distribution and	
	uses of gold, iron, copper, manganese,	
	chromium, Aluminum ,Pb, zinc and petroleum	
	4.6 Metallogenic provinces of India	
	4.7 ore deposit through geological time in India	
5.	Exploration & Prospecting	
	5.1 definition of prospecting and exploration	
	5.1.1 Geophysical prospecting	
	5.1.2 Geochemical prospecting	
	5.1.3 Geobotanical prospecting	

	5.2 Remote sensing techniques for exploration	
6.	Engineering Geology 6.1 Geological investigation for site selection of dam and reservoir, tunnel, hill slope and rock cutting	
7.	Geology Mapping 7.1 Features of geological maps 7.1.1 topography 7.1.2 lithology 7.1.3 geological structure 7.1.4 signs and symbols 7.2 field equipment For geological mapping 7.3 features of toposheet 7.3 Method of collection of sample 7.4 completion and tracking of outcrop	

PRACTICAL:

- 1. Outcrop map preparation and interpretation. (Any Ten including Horizontal, Vertical and Inclined/Fault & fold outcrop)
- 2. Toposheet interpretation and preparation of geological map on toposheet (Jharia, Raniganj and Rajmahal coal fields)
- 3. Identification of ore mineral": Galena, Chalacopyrite, Magnetite, Hematite)
- 4. Identification of fossils : Trinobite, Gastropots, Glassopteries, Gangamopteris, foraminifera.
- 5. Identification of landforms in satellite image : Fluvial, Aeolian, Glacitr, Landform.
- 6. Interpretation of satellite image for Demarcation of outcrops of Vindhyan Supergroup, Cuddapah Supergroup, Singhbhum group on it

STRATEGY OF IMPLEMENTATION:

Conducting theory classes, practical, Industrial visits, seminars, group discussion, and assignment on different topics shall complete the curriculum for the subject.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

Author	Title	Publisher
Praveen Singh	Engineering and General Geology	Catson Educational
		Series
Umeshwar Prasad	Economic Mineral Deposit	CBS Publisher, New
	_	Delhi
D K Todd	Ground Water Hydrology	Willey and Sons, New
		York

K R Karanth	Hydrology	Tata Mcgraw Hills, New Delhi	
P.K. Mukherjee	A text book of Geology	The world press pvt. Ltd. Calcutta.	
A Laberson	Geology of Petroleum		
M B Dobrine	Introduction of Geophysical	Mcgraw Hills	
	Prospecting		
F.H. Lahee	Field Geology		